Outline of the Organization of the University of Toronto

1. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

The senior administrative officers of the University include:

- The President (http://www.president.utoronto.ca/)
- Vice-President and Provost (http://www.provost.utoronto.ca)
- Vice-President, Advancement (https://advancement.utoronto.ca/)
- Vice-President, University Operations (http://vpuo.utoronto.ca/)
- Vice-President, Human Resources and Equity (http://www.hrandequity.utoronto.ca)
- Vice-President, Research and Innovation (http://www.research.utoronto.ca)
- Vice-President, International (http://international.utoronto.ca/)
- Vice-President, Communications (http://communications.utoronto.ca/utc-contacts)
- Vice-President and Principal, University of Toronto Mississauga (http://www.utm.utoronto.ca/vp-principal/)
- Vice-President and Principal, University of Toronto Scarborough (http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca)

2. THREE CAMPUSES

The University of Toronto is comprised of three campuses: the St. George campus, the University of Toronto Mississauga (UTM), and the University of Toronto Scarborough (UTSC). Although the campuses themselves are separate, their academic communities are linked through programs of study and common research interests. The St. George campus buildings, in downtown Toronto, are home to the largest number of students and programs. Scarborough campus, about 30 kilometres to the east, has its own academic community nested on 120 hectares of protected parkland. The Mississauga campus, about 30 kilometres to the west of St. George, is situated on the curve of the Credit River.

3. THE COLLEGE SYSTEM

The University is composed of several colleges, each with a distinctive feel and sense of community. All students in the oldest and largest faculty, the Faculty of Arts and Science, must register in a college. The benefit of college membership has been extended to the professional faculties; accordingly, two of the colleges - Innis and New - are multi-faculty colleges accepting some professional students as well as students in Arts and Science.

The St. George colleges owned and operated entirely by the University are:

- Innis College (http://www.innis.utoronto.ca/)
- New College (http://www.newcollege.utoronto.ca/)
- University College (http://www.uc.utoronto.ca/)
- Woodsworth College (http://www.wdw.utoronto.ca/)

The federated universities represent separate legal entities with their own independent boards. They appoint their own staff and own their own buildings but their Arts and
3. THE COLLEGE SYSTEM (cont’d)

Science teaching staff, curriculum and students are an integral part of the Faculty of Arts and Science of the University. They are:

The University of St. Michael's College (http://stmikes.utoronto.ca)
The University of Trinity College (http://www.trinity.utoronto.ca/)
Victoria University (http://www.vicu.utoronto.ca/)

In addition to the undergraduate colleges, the University is also the site of a consortium of independent theological colleges (Toronto School of Theology - http://www.tst.edu/), which offer graduate academic instruction in theology as well as their own individual pastoral degrees. The consortium includes Knox College, St. Augustine’s, Wycliffe, Regis, Emmanuel (within Victoria College), Trinity and St. Michael’s.

Massey College is an incorporated body providing residential and other amenities for students registered in the School of Graduate Studies. (http://www.masseycollege.ca/)

4. FACULTIES AND SCHOOLS

Students enroll for a program of studies in one of the faculties or schools. There are 14 professional faculties and schools, in addition to the Faculty of Arts and Science, the School of Graduate Studies and the School of Continuing Studies. Of these, the Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, Ontario Institute for Studies in Education of the University of Toronto and the Faculty of Medicine are the largest and consist of multiple departments. Almost all of the buildings and facilities of the professional faculties are located on the downtown campus. Some divisions have interdisciplinary centres and institutes associated with them. A complete listing of divisions, departments, centres and institutes can be found at:
https://www.utoronto.ca/about-u-of-t/quick-facts

Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering
(http://www.engineering.utoronto.ca/Page4.aspx)
  Aerospace Studies, Institute for
  Biomaterials & Biomedical Engineering, Institute of
  Chemical Engineering and Applied Chemistry, Department of
  Civil Engineering, Department of
  Electrical and Computer Engineering, The Edward S. Rogers Sr. Department of
  Engineering Science, Division of
  Materials Science and Engineering, Department of
  Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, Department of

John H. Daniels Faculty of Architecture, Landscape, and Design
(http://www.daniels.utoronto.ca/)

Faculty of Arts and Science
(http://www.artsci.utoronto.ca/)
  Anthropology, Department of
  Astronomy & Astrophysics, Department of
  Cell and Systems Biology, Department of
Faculty of Arts and Science (cont’d)

Chemistry, Department of
Classics, Department of
Computer Science, Department of
Earth Sciences, Department of
East Asian Studies, Department of
Ecology and Evolutionary Biology, Department of
Economics, Department of
English, Department of
French, Department of
Geography, Department of
Germanic Languages & Literatures, Department of
History, Department of
History of Art
Italian Studies, Department of
Linguistics, Department of
Mathematics, Department of
Near & Middle Eastern Civilizations, Department of
Philosophy, Department of
Physics, Department of
Political Science, Department of
Psychology, Department of
Religion, Department for the Study of
Slavic Languages & Literatures, Department of
Sociology, Department of
Spanish & Portuguese, Department of
Statistical Sciences, Department of

Dalla Lana School of Public Health (http://www.dlsph.utoronto.ca/)

Faculty of Dentistry (https://www.dentistry.utoronto.ca/)

Faculty of Forestry (http://www.forestry.utoronto.ca/)

Faculty of Information (https://ischool.utoronto.ca/)

Faculty of Law (http://www.law.utoronto.ca/)

Joseph L. Rotman School of Management (http://www.rotman.utoronto.ca/)

Leslie Dan Faculty of Pharmacy (http://www.pharmacy.utoronto.ca/)

Faculty of Medicine (http://www.facmed.utoronto.ca/)

Anesthesia, Department of
Biochemistry, Department of
Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, Institute of
Donnelly Centre for Cellular and Biomolecular Research
Family and Community Medicine, Department of
Immunology, Department of
Faculty of Medicine (cont’d)

Laboratory Medicine and Pathobiology, Department of
Medical Biophysics, Department of
Medical Imaging, Department of
Medical Science, Institute of
Medicine, Department of
Molecular Genetics, Department of
Nutritional Sciences, Department of
Obstetrics and Gynaecology, Department of
Occupational Science and Occupational Therapy, Department of
Ophthalmology and Vision Sciences, Department of
Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery, Department of
Paediatrics, Department of
Pharmacology and Toxicology, Department of
Physical Therapy, Department of
Physiology, Department of
Psychiatry, Department of
Radiation Oncology, Department of
Rehabilitation Sciences Institute
Speech-Language Pathology, Department of
Surgery, Department of

Faculty of Music (http://www.music.utoronto.ca/site5.aspx)

Lawrence S. Bloomberg Faculty of Nursing (https://bloomberg.nursing.utoronto.ca/)

Ontario Institute for Studies in Education of the University of Toronto
(http://www.oise.utoronto.ca/)

Applied Psychology and Human Development, Department of
Curriculum, Teaching and Learning, Department of
Social Justice Education, Department of
Leadership, Higher and Adult Education, Department of

Faculty of Kinesiology and Physical Education (https://kpe.utoronto.ca/)

Factor-Inwentash Faculty of Social Work http://www.socialwork.utoronto.ca/Page4.aspx

UTM (http://www.utm.utoronto.ca/)

Anthropology, Department of
Biology, Department of
Chemical and Physical Sciences, Department of
Communication, Culture and Information Technology, Institute of
Economics, Department of
English and Drama, Department of
Geography, Department of
Historical Studies, Department of
Language Studies, Department of
Management, Department of
Management and Innovation, Institute for
UTM (cont’d)

Mathematical and Computational Sciences, Department of
Medicine, Mississauga Academy of
Philosophy, Department of
Political Science, Department of
Psychology, Department of
Sociology, Department of
South Asian Civilizations, Centre for
Visual Studies, Department of

UTSC (http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/)

Anthropology, Department of
Arts, Culture and Media, Department of
Biological Sciences, Department of
Computer & Mathematical Sciences, Department of
Critical Development Studies, Centre for
English, Department of
French & Linguistics, Centre for
Historical & Cultural Studies, Department of
Human Geography, Department of
Management, Department of
Philosophy, Department of
Physical & Environmental Sciences, Department of
Political Science, Department of
Psychology, Department of
Sociology, Department of

5. SCHOOL OF GRADUATE STUDIES

The School of Graduate Studies (SGS) (http://www.sgs.utoronto.ca/) promotes excellence in graduate education and oversees graduate studies at over eighty graduate units (departments, centres and institutes), providing faculty members with unique opportunities for interdisciplinary scholarship. Besides its administrative function, SGS is available to provide expertise, advice and information to individual graduate units, helping them to attract and retain excellent students. SGS undertakes frequent reviews of the graduate programs, to promote the highest academic standards.

6. SCHOOL OF CONTINUING STUDIES

The School of Continuing Studies (SCS) (http://learn.utoronto.ca/site3.aspx) is dedicated to meeting the professional and intellectual needs of adults in the community. The School offers a wide range of challenging and rewarding non-degree and certification programs conducted both in-class and through distance education classrooms around the world. For over 100 years, SCS has developed programs for the adult learner in the arts, humanities, business and professional development, writing and literature, media and new technology, science, ESL and other languages.
7. TEACHING HOSPITALS

The University is affiliated with some of Canada's finest clinical and public health facilities for student clinical placements. Through the University of Toronto, the Health Science Faculties are fully affiliated with ten teaching hospitals. The University is partially affiliated with 11 community teaching hospitals and five Public Boards of Health. The fully affiliated hospitals are:

- Baycrest Centre for Geriatric Care (http://www.baycrest.org/)
- Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (http://www.camh.net/)
- Holland Bloorview Kids Rehabilitation Hospital (http://www.hollandbloorview.ca/)
- The Hospital for Sick Children (http://www.sickkids.on.ca/)
- Mount Sinai Hospital (http://www.mtsinai.on.ca/)
- St. Michael's Hospital (http://www.stmichaelshospital.com/)
- Sunnybrook Health Sciences Centre (http://www.sunnybrook.ca/)
- University Health Network (http://www.uhn.ca/)
- Women's College Hospital (http://www.womenscollegehospital.ca/)

8. UNIVERSITY LIBRARY SYSTEM

The University of Toronto Library system (https://library.utoronto.ca/) is the largest in Canada and ranks fourth among North American research libraries.

9. ANCILLARY ORGANIZATIONS

Most of the ancillary entities are wholly owned and controlled by the University but are the subjects of separate financial reporting because of the special nature of their operations. They include:

- Residences, Conference, Parking, and Food & Beverage Services (http://www.ancillary.utoronto.ca/)
- Hart House (http://www.harthouse.utoronto.ca/)
- University of Toronto Asset Management (http://www.utam.utoronto.ca/)
- University of Toronto Press (http://www.utppublishing.com/)
- Hungarian Research Institute of Canada (http://chem-eng.utoronto.ca/~diosady/hric.html)

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1. The Press is a not-for-profit corporation without share capital.
2. The Hungarian Research Institute of Canada, while designated as a research ancillary, is not owned or wholly controlled by the University.
10. RESIDENCES

The following residences, providing approximately 6,250 places, are owned and operated by the University:

St. George Campus  http://www.housing.utoronto.ca/
89 Chestnut  http://www.chestnutresidence.utoronto.ca/
Charles Street Student Family Housing
Graduate House  http://gradhouse.utoronto.ca/
Innis College  http://www.innisresidence.utoronto.ca/
New College  http://www.newcollege.utoronto.ca/current-students/residence-at-new-college/
University College  http://www.uc.utoronto.ca/residence
Woodsworth College  http://residence.wdw.utoronto.ca/

UTM  http://www.utm.utoronto.ca/housing/
UTSC  http://www.utsc.utoronto.ca/~residences/

The following residences are owned and operated by others:

St. Michael's College:  Loretto College:  http://www.tcdsb.org/schools/lorettocollege
St. Michael’s College:  https://stmikes.utoronto.ca/student-life/campus-life/housing/

Trinity College:  http://www.trinity.utoronto.ca/Current_Students/residence.htm
Victoria College:  http://www.vic.utoronto.ca/Future_Students/Student_and_Residence_Life.htm
11. PHYSICAL LOCATION OF UNIVERSITY PROPERTY AND BUILDINGS

Most of the University buildings are located in central Toronto on or near the St. George Campus, which occupies approximately 50 hectares roughly bounded by Spadina Avenue, Bloor Street, Queen's Park and College Street.

The University of Toronto Scarborough is on its own campus 33 kilometres to the east (117 hectares).

The University of Toronto at Mississauga is on its own campus about 33 kilometres to the west (89 hectares).

In addition to the three campuses, the University properties include:

- The Institute for Aerospace Studies
- The Hart House Caledon Farm
- Space occupied by the University of Toronto Press
- Joker’s Hill (King City)
- The University Forest (near Dorset)
- The University Survey Camp (Gull Lake)